**Capitulum XIII**

**Schaerer Pensa**

**PENSUM A**

**FIFTH DECL.** Decline diēs:

 NOM

 ACC

 GEN

 DAT

 ABL

Supply the correct forms of diēs or merīdiēs:

 Mane “ante merīdi\_\_\_\_” nōminātur. November trīgintā di\_\_\_\_ habet. Merīdi\_\_\_\_

sōl altissimus in caelō est. Mane est initium di\_\_\_\_\_. Mēnse Februāriō numerus

di\_\_\_\_\_ est duodētrīgintä.

Use the correct comparative or superlative endings:

**Comparativus**: M-F: -\_\_\_\_\_Neut: -\_\_\_\_ Used when you see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (”than”) in the sentence.

**Superlativus**: -\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_us-a-um, meaning “long-\_\_\_\_” or “\_\_\_\_\_\_ long.”

 Februārius mēnsis brev\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ est quam cēterī mēnsēs annī. Februārius

mēnsis brev\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ est. Nīlus flūmen long\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ est quam cētera flūmina:

Nīlus flūmen long\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ est.

Use the correct endings to answer "Quando?"

**Quando**? asks “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?” It is answered with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ case [**circle one**: with or without a preposition]

 Diēs calidissimus est merīdi\_\_\_ . Lūna lūcet noct\_\_\_. Nix cadit mēns\_\_\_

Iānuāri\_\_\_\_. Diēs fīnem facit postrēm\_\_\_ hōr\_\_\_\_ . (32)

**PENSUM B XIII**

hōra saeculum nox Idūs erat postrēmus-a-um duodecim

lūna initium lūx erant dīmidius-a-um vīgintī

stella aestās diēs aequus-a-um trīgintā

Nōnae mane hiems merīdiēs dē clārus-a-um quīnquāgintā

Kalendae nix vel obscūrus-a-um sexāgintā

 mēnsis nōmināre igitur exiguus-a-um ducentī-ae-a

annus fīnis tempus illūstrāre tunc novus-a-um trecentī-ae-a

autumnus imber vēr incipere nunc calidus-a-um

vesper operīre item frīgidus-a-um Quando?

 Iānuārius est \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ prīmus; December \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (= ergō) est mēnsis

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (= XII) mēnsēs vel CCCLXV \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sunt in ūnō

\_\_\_\_\_\_. Ūnus diēs in XII \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dīviditur inter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ et vesperum. Mane est

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ diēī et fīnis \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Nocte \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ et \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lūcent neque sunt tam

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ quam sōl.

 Hōra sexta \_\_\_\_\_\_ merīdiēs diem dīvidit in duās partās \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: ante

merīdiem et post \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Quum diēs est, sōl terram lūce suā \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Lūna autem \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ā sōle accipit.

 Autumnus, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, et \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sunt quattuor

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ annī. Vēr ā mēnse Mārtiō \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, quum arborēs foliīs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

ōrnantur. Aestās tempus \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ est, hiems est tempus \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(<->tunc) Mārtius mēnsis tertius est.

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nix cadit? Hieme \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cadit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nūbibus. Aestāte

autem \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cadit. (32)

**NO PENSA C OR D**