PERFECT ACTIVE TENSE

- **<u>Perfect stem</u> + ī, istī, it, imus, istis, ērunt** (no connecting vowel)
- Action in the past that was a single, completed event
- The perfect stem of the verb is almost always different from the present stem:
 - $\circ~$ Most 1st Conjugation verb perfect stems have –āv-. Ex.:
 - cantāre used for present, imperfect, and future
 - Cant<u>av</u> + i, isti, it, imus, istis, erunt
 - Many 2nd conjugation verbs perfect stems have –u-. Ex;
 - monēre used for present, imperfect, and future

Mon<u>u -</u> + ī, istī, it, imus, istis, ērunt

- There is no single pattern for the 3rd conjugation. Some show a long vowel in the perfect stem, or a different vowel, or an -x- or -- s , Ex:
 - Dīcere used for present, imperfect, and future
 - Dīx + i, isti, it, imus, istis, ērunt
 - Sumere used for present, imperfect, and future
 - Sumps + ī, istī, it, imus, istis, ērunt
- Many 4th Conjugation perfect stems have an –īv- Ex:
 - Audire used for present, imperfect, and future
 - Aud<u>īv</u> + ī, istī, it, imus, istis, ērunt

SIMPLY PUT:

First Conjugation:-avSecond Conjugation:-uThird Conjugation:-any (-s, -x sound)Fourth Conjugation:-īv

+ perfect ending

	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4th
1st sg.(I)	cantāvī	monuī	sumpsī	audīvī
2nd sg.(you)	cantāvistī	monuistî	sumpsistī	audīvistī
3rd sg.(he/she/it)	cantāvit	monuit	sumpsit	audīvit
1st pl.(we)	cantāvimus	monuimus	sumpsimus	audīvimus
2nd pl.(y'all)	cantāvistis	monuistis	sumpsistis	audīvistis
3rd pl.(they)	cantāvērunt	monuērunt	sumpsērunt	audīvērunt
TRANSLATE: I sang/I have sung, you sang/you have sung, etc.				