

## Chapter XXV – GeruNDs

### I. ING words in Latin

- a. Julia cantat – Julia is singing.
- b. Participle - singing girl – puella cantans
- c. Gerund – VERBAL NOUNS

### II. A Gerund is verbal Noun ending in “ing” in English. The letters ND govern the Latin gerund and the ND is added to the Present Stem.

- a. “ing” noun
  - i. Nom – none – use an infinitive instead
  - ii. ACC - -NDum - is found after “ad” and expresses purpose
    - 1. (Chapter XXV) Lines 110 and 114 – **paratus ad navigandum** or **fugiendum**
    - 2. Chapter XXVI – Lines (17, 21, 37)

**Line 17: Temporis Ad auscultandum** – time for eavesdropping     **Ad nārrandum** - for storytelling

Line 21: **paratus ad audiendum** – prepared for listening

Line 37: **tempus ad vīvendum**- time for living

iii. \*Gen- -Ndi -

1. Chapter XXVI – lines 18 and 23

- a. Line 18: **finem** nārrandī – end of storytelling
- b. Line 23: **cupidō** audiendī - desirous of hearing

iv. Dat – rare – NDo

v. \*Abl - NDo

1. Chapter XXVI – lines 13-14, 16, 24, 30-31)

- a. Line 13-14: after in **in nārrandō** – in storytelling
- b. Line 16: **in auscultandō** - in eavesdropping
- c. Line 24: **in nārrandō** – in storytelling
- d. Lines 30-31: After **Fessus** Sum **fessus**  
ambulandō I am tired FROM walking